Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Urethane Grade Reducer Slow Product Code: 6721, 6724, 6725, 6729 Manufacturer/Supplier: TRANSTAR AUTOBODY TECHNOLOGIES 2040 Heiserman Dr. Brighton, MI, 48114, USA

24 Hour Emergency Phone(s): USA 800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC) International 001-703-527-3887 (CHEMTREC Int'l)

Business Phone: 810-360-1600 SDS Prepared By: Transtar Autobody Technologies

Product Use: Reducer. For Professional and Industrial Use Only. Not recommended for: Not for sale to the general public.

Section 2 - Hazards Identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Ratings:

<u>GU9</u>	Ratings:							
	Flammable liq	uid	2	Fla	ish point < 23°C	C and initial boiling point > 35°C (95°F)		
	Inhalation Toxi	Acute Tox. 4		Gases>2500+<=20000ppm, Vapors>10+<=20mg/l,				
		-		sts&mists>1+<	0			
	Skin corrosive	2			e effects in dermal tissue, Draize score: >=			
	Reproductive	toxin	1A			tent inflammation ed to cause effects on human reproduction		
	Reproductive		17.		•			
	Organ toxin si	ngle exposure	1	or on development Significant toxicity in humans- Reliable, good quality human				
						idemiological studies, Presumed		
				significant toxicity in humans- Animal studies with significant and/or severe toxic effects relevant to humans at generally low exposure (guidan				
	Organ toxin re	peated	2			armful to human health- Animal studies		
	exposure			wit	with significant toxic effects relevant to humans at generally			
				moderate exposure (guidance)- Human evidence in exceptional cases				
	A		4					
	Aspiration hazard				Aspiration Toxicity Category 1: Known (regarded)- human evidence - hydrocarbons with kinematic viscosity ? 20.5			
				mm2/s at 40° C.				
	Aquatic toxicit	y	A3	Acute toxicity <= 10.0 but < 100 mg/l				
GHS	Hazards				GHS Preca	utions		
H225		Highly flammabl	le liquid and vapor		P101	If medical advice is needed, have		
H304		May be fatal if s				product container or label at hand		
		enters airways			P102	Keep out of reach of children		
H315		Causes skin irrit			P103	Read label before use		
H332		Harmful if inhale			P201	Obtain special instructions before use		
H360)	May damage fe	rtility or the		P202	Do not handle until all safety		
H370)	unborn child Causes damage				precautions have been read and		
11070		Causes damage			P210	understood		
					F210	Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces - No smoking		
					I	names and not surfaces - NO SHONING		

H373	May cause damage to organs	P233	Keep container tightly closed
	through prolonged or repeated	P240	Ground and bond container and
	exposure		receiving equipment
H402	Harmful to aquatic life	P241	Use explosion-proof electrical,
			ventilating, lighting and motorized
		D040	equipment
		P242	Use only non-sparking tools
		P243	Take precautionary measures against static discharge
		P260	Do not breathe dust, mist, vapors or spray
		P264	Wash contacted skin thoroughly after handling
		P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using
			this product
		P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
		P273	Avoid release to the environment
		P280	Wear protective gloves, protective
			clothing, eye protection, face protection
			and respiratory protection.
		P312	Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if
			you feel unwell
		P321	Specific treatment (see first aid
		D004	instructions on SDS)
		P331	Do NOT induce vomiting
		P362	Take off contaminated clothing and
		P301+P310	wash before reuse
		F301+F310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
		P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Immediately take off all contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and water.
		P307+P311	IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor
		P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice
		P370+P378	In case of fire: Use dry chemical, CO2,
			foam or water fog to extinguish
		P405	Store locked up
		P403+P235	Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool
		P501	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional, national
			and international regulations.

Danger



Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS: None known

Section 3 -Composition							
Chemical Name / CAS No. OSHA Exposure Limits ACGIH Exposure Limits Other Exposure Limits							
n-Butyl Acetate 123-86-4 50 to 60%	150 ppm TWA; 710 mg/m3 TWA	200 ppm STEL 150 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 150 ppm TWA; 710 mg/m3 TWA 200 ppm STEL; 950 mg/m3 STEL				
Toluene 108-88-3 10 to 20%	200 ppm TWA	20 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 100 ppm TWA; 375 mg/m3 TWA 150 ppm STEL; 560 mg/m3 STEL				
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate 108-65-6 10 to 20%	TWA 200 ppm	TWA 50ppm					
Ethyl Acetate 141-78-6 1 to 5%	400 ppm TWA; 1400 mg/m3 TWA	400 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 400 ppm TWA; 1400 mg/m3 TWA				

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

INHALATION: If Inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If breathing difficulty persists, seek medical attention.

EYE CONTACT: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for a minimum of 15 minutes while holding eye lids open. If eye irritation persist: seek medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT: Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash exposed area thoroughly with soap and water. Seek medical attention if irritation presists. Do NOT use solvents or thinners to wash off.

INGESTION: If swallowed, seek medical attention immediately and have product container or label at hand. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING unless directed to do so by a physician or poison control center. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Dizziness, breathing difficulty, headaches, & loss of coordination.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Seek professional medical attention for all over-exposures and/or persistent problems.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

LEL: 1.1 %

UEL: 11.5 %

Extinguishing Media: Dry Chemical, Foam, CO2 or water fog.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: High volume water jets

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat or burst when contaminated with water (CO2 gas evolved). Hazards apply to empty containers. Combustion generates toxic fumes.

Hazardous Combustion Products: oxides of carbon, oxides of nitrogen, formaldehyde, toxic fume

Special Firefighting Procedures: Highly toxic fumes may be generated by thermal decomposition. Water runoff from firefighting can cause environmental damage. Dike and collect water used to fight fire.

Fire Equipment: Full fire fighter equipment including SCBA should be worn to avoid skin contact and inhalation of concentrated vapors. Minimize skin exposure.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapors and mist. Ensure adequate ventilation. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Evacuate pesonnel to safe areas. Beware of vapors accumulation to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas.

For personal protection see section 8.

Environmental precautions:

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

Dike spill area and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth. Sweep up and dispose of in appropriate containers in accordance to Federal, State and/or Local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid use of solvents.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Safe Handling Measures: Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapor or mist. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use non-sparking tools and explosion proof equipment when handling this material. Keep away from sources of ignition - No Smoking. Use in cool, well-ventilated areas. Keep containers closed when not in use. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge. Follow all SDS and label precautions even after container is emptied because they may retain product residues. For precautions see section 2.

Storage Requirements: Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces-No Smoking. Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place. Do not reuse container when empty.

Section 8 - Exposure Control and PPE							
Chemical Name / CAS No. OSHA Exposure Limits ACGIH Exposure Limits Other Exposure Limits							
n-Butyl Acetate 123-86-4	150 ppm TWA; 710 mg/m3 TWA	200 ppm STEL 150 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 150 ppm TWA; 710 mg/m3 TWA 200 ppm STEL; 950 mg/m3 STEL				
Toluene 108-88-3	200 ppm TWA	20 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 100 ppm TWA; 375 mg/m3 TWA 150 ppm STEL; 560 mg/m3 STEL				
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate 108-65-6	TWA 200 ppm	TWA 50ppm					
Ethyl Acetate 141-78-6	400 ppm TWA; 1400 mg/m3 TWA	400 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 400 ppm TWA; 1400 mg/m3 TWA				

Engineering Controls: Ground and bond container and reciving equipment. Use explosion proof electrical, ventilation, lighting and motorized equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Ventilation: General mechanical ventilation or local exhaust should be utilized to keep vapor concentrations below exposure limits (PEL & TLV). Ventilation equipment must be explosion proof.

Safe Work Practices: Eye washes and safety showers in the workplace are recommended. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapors. Wash hands thoroughly after using and before eating, drinking or smoking. Employee education and training in the safe use and handling of this product is required under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29CFR1200. Smoking in area where this material is used should be strictly prohibited. Always use protective clothing and equipment. Remove all contaminated clothing and wash thoroughly when finished working. Keep food and drink away from material and from area where material is being used. Spraying of material can cause and oxygen dificient environment. Use proper ventilation to remove vapors, mist and fumes combined with NIOSH approved respirator.

Respiratory Protection: When working with this material use a MSHA/NIOSH approved cartridge respirator or suitable respiratory protection to keep airborne mists and vapor concentrations below the PEL & TLV limits. When using in poorly ventilated and confined spaces, use a fresh-air supplying respirator or a self-contained breathing apparatus.

Eye/Face Protection: Use safety glasses with chemical splash goggles or faceshield.

Skin Protection: Use chemical resistant gloves.

Body Protection: Impervious clothing, flame retardant antistatic protective clothing. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. **Contaminated Gear:** Take off contaminated clothing immediately and wash before reuse.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

This mixture typically exhibits the following properties under normal circumstances:

Appearance Clear	Physical State Liquid
Odor Organic Solvent	Odor threshold: No data available
pH: No data available	Melting point: No data available
Freezing point: No data available	Boiling range: 77°C
Flash point: 25 F,-4 C	Evaporation rate: No data available
Flammability: No data available	Explosive Limits: 1% - 12%
Vapor Pressure: 14.3 mmHg	Vapor Density: 3.9
Density (Lb / Gal) 7.46	Solubility: No data available
Partition coefficient (n- No data available octanol/water):	Autoignition temperature: 315°C
Decomposition temperature: No data available	Viscosity: No data available
Regulatory Coating VOC g/L 894	Regulatory Coating VOC 7.46 lb/gal
Actual Coating VOC g/L 894	Actual Coating VOC lb/Gal 7.46
Weight Percent Volatile 100.00	Specific Gravity (SG) 0.894
% Weight VOC 100.00	% Weight Water 0.0
% Wt Exempt VOC 0.00	% Vol Exempt VOC 0.00

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: No data available

Stability: Stable under recommended stoage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Heat, flame and sparks. Extreme temperature and direct sunlight.

Incompatible with:

Strong oxidizers

Hazardous products produced under decomposition:

Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide .

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Mixture Toxicity

Inhalation Toxicity: 12mg/L

Component Toxicity

n-Butyl Acetate
Inhalation: 29 mg/L (Rat)
Toluene
Oral: 2,600 mg/kg (Rat)
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate
Dermal: 5 g/kg (Rabbit)

This mixture has not been tested for toxicological effects.

Acute Effects:

INHALATION - Dizziness, breathing difficulty, headaches, & loss of coordination. EYE CONTACT - Moderate irritation, tearing, redness, and blurred vision. SKIN CONTACT - Moderate irritant. Can dry and defat skin causing cracks, irritation, and dermatitis. INGESTION - Can cause gastrointestinal irritation, vomiting, nausea, & diarrhea.

Chronic Effects:

May affect liver, kidney and central nervous system with repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause lung injury.

Routes of Entry						
Inhalation	Skin Co	ntact	Eye Contact	Ingestion		
Target Organs						
Eyes	Kidneys	Liver	Lungs	Central Nervous System	Skin	Respiratory
System						

Effects of Overexposure

Short Term Exposure The substance irritates the eyes, skin, and respiratory tract. High exposures, above the occupational exposure levels, can cause weakness, headache, and drowsiness and may cause unconsciousness. Irritates the eyes and respiratory tract. Causes central nervous system depression. High levels of exposure may cause fatigue, weakness, confusion, euphoria, dizziness, headache; dilated pupils, lacrimation (discharge of tears); nervousness, muscle fatigue, insomnia; paresthesia; cardiac dysrhythmia, unconsciousness and death may occur. Inhalation: 100 ppm exposure can cause dizziness, drowsiness and hallucinations. 100 - 200 ppm can cause depression, 200 - 500 ppm can cause headaches, nausea, loss of appetite, loss of energy, loss of coordination and coma. In addition to the above, death has resulted from exposure to 10,000 ppm for an unknown time. Skin: Can cause dryness and irritation. Absorption may cause or increase the severity of symptoms listed above . Eyes: Can cause irritation at 300 ppm. Ingestion: Can cause a burning sensation in the mouth and stomach, upper abdominal pain, cough, hoarseness, headache, nausea, loss of appetite, loss of energy, loss of coordination and coma.

Long Term Exposure n-Butyl acetate may cause skin allergy. n-Butyl acetate has been shown to damage the developing fetus in animals. Prolonged and repeated exposure to butyl acetates can cause defatting, drying and cracking of the skin. Although many solvents and petroleum based products cause lung, brain and nerve damage, these chemicals have not been adequately evaluated to determine these effects. Repeated or prolonged contact with skin may cause dermatitis; drying, cracking, itching, and skin rash. May cause liver, kidney, and brain damage; decreased learning ability, psychological disorders. Levels below 200 ppm may produce headache, tiredness and nausea. From 200 - 750 ppm symptoms may include insomnia, irritability, dizziness, some loss of memory, cause heart palpitations and loss of coordination. Blood effects and anemia have been reported but are probably due to contamination by benzene. May decrease the fertility in males. Repeated contact can cause drying and cracking of the skin. Many similar petroleum-based chemicals can cause brain and nerve damage.

The following chemicals comprise of at least 0.1% of this mixture and are listed and/or classified as carcinogens or potential carcinogens by the NTP, IARC, OSHA (mandatory listing) or ACGIH (optional listing).

CAS Number	Description	<u>% Weight</u>	Carcinogen Rating
None			No Data Available
Section 12 - Ecol	ogical Information		

This material has not been tested for ecological effects.

Persistence and degradability: No data available

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available

Mobility in soil: No data available

Other adverse effects: Contains photochemically reactive solvent.

Component Ecotoxicity n-Butyl Acetate	96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 100 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 17 - 19 mg/L [flow-through] 72 Hr EC50 Desmodesmus subspicatus: 674.7 mg/L
Toluene	 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 15.22 - 19.05 mg/L [flow-through] (1 day old); 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 12.6 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 5.89 - 7.81 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 14.1 - 17.16 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 5.8 mg/L [semi-static]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 11.0 - 15.0 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Oryzias latipes: 54 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata: 28.2 mg/L [semi-static]; 96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata: 50.87 - 70.34 mg/L [static] 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 5.46 - 9.83 mg/L [Static]; 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 11.5 mg/L 96 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: >433 mg/L; 72 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 12.5 mg/L [static]
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 161 mg/L [static] 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: >500 mg/L
Ethyl Acetate	96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 220 - 250 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 484 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 352 - 500 mg/L [semi-static] 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 560 mg/L [Static]

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Product should be disposed of in accordance with all Federal, State and local regulations. Contact a licensed

professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Subject to hazardous waste generation, treatment, storage and disposal rules under RCRA, 40CFR261.

Section 14 - Transportation Information

The following transportation information is provided based on Transtar Autobody Technologies interpretation of shipping regulations. Each shipper is responsible for identifying, naming, marking and labeling prior to offering for transport.

Agency	Proper Shipping Name	UN Number	Packing Group	Hazard Class
IATA	Paint Related Material	UN1263	II	3
IMDG	Paint Related Material	UN1263	II	3
USDOT	Paint Related Material	UN1263	II	3

For inner packagings not exceeding 5L each packaged in a strong outer box: Limited Quantity:

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

The information listed in this section is not all inclusive of all regulations for this product or the chemical components of this product.

California Hazardous Substance List:

- None

HAPS: This formulation contains the following HAPS: 108-88-3 Toluene 10 to 20 %

NJ RTK: The following chemicals are listed under New Jersey RTK

141-78-6Ethyl Acetate1 to 5 %108-88-3Toluene10 to 20 %123-86-4n-Butyl Acetate50 to 60 %

California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains the following chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

108-88-3 Toluene 10 to 20 %

California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains the following chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer .

- None

- PA RTK: The following chemicals are listed under Pennsylvania RTK:
 - 141-78-6 Ethyl Acetate 1 to 5 %
 - 108-88-3 Toluene 10 to 20 %

123-86-4 n-Butyl Acetate 50 to 60 %

EU REACH SIN: The chemicals listed below are on the EU REACH SIN list

- None

- SARA 312: This Product contains the following chemcials subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 312: 108-88-3 Toluene 10 to 20 %
- **SARA 313:** This Product contains the following chemcials subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 313: 108-88-3 Toluene 10 to 20 %

WHMIS:

141-78-6 Ethyl Acetate 1 to 5 %

108-88-3 Toluene 10 to 20 % 123-86-4 n-Butyl Acetate 50 to 60 %



TSCA: The following are not listed under TSCA:

- None

SARA: The following are reportable under SARA

108-88-3 Toluene 10 - 20%

Section 16 - Other Information

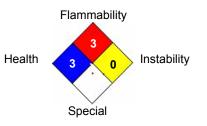
Note: HMIS Ratings involve data and interpretings that can vary from company to company. They are intended only for rapid, general identification of the magnitude of the specific hazard. To deal adequately with the safe handling of this material, all the information contained in this MSDS must be considered.

Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)

HEALTH	3		HMIS a
FLAMMABILITY	3		Legen * = Ch
PHYSICAL HAZARD	0		0 = INS 1 = SL
PERSONAL PROTECTION]	2 = MC
			0 1110

HMIS & NFPA Hazard Rating Legend * = Chronic Health Hazard 0 = INSIGNIFICANT 1 = SLIGHT 2 = MODERATE 3 = HIGH

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)



Date Prepared: 1/19/2015

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate, obtained from sources believed by Transtar Autobody Technologies to be accurate. As with all chemicals, KEEP AWAY FROM CHILDREN AND ANIMALS. FOR PROFESSIONAL AND INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. The hazard information contained herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to his own investigation and verification of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition.